

Introduction to stable homotopy theory

Exercise sheet n° 1

1. Prove there is an adjunction $\text{Top} \xrightleftharpoons[U]{(-)_+} \text{Top}_*$ between the disjoint basepoint functor and the forgetful functor. Therefore, U preserves limits.
2. Let $F : I \rightarrow \text{Top}_*$ be a diagram of pointed spaces. Let $U : \text{Top}_* \rightarrow \text{Top}$ be the forgetful functor. Let $P : I \rightarrow \text{Top}$ be the diagram with $P(i) = *$ for all $i \in I$. The inclusion of the basepoints gives rise to a morphism of diagrams $P \Rightarrow UF$. Let C be following pushout in Top :

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{colim}P & \longrightarrow & \text{colim}(UF) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ * & \longrightarrow & C \end{array}$$

Prove that the colimit of F is the space C together with the basepoint given by the arrow $* \rightarrow C$ in the diagram above.

Deduce that U preserves connected colimits, that is, colimits indexed by connected categories. A *connected category* is a category in which every two objects are connected by a zig-zag of arrows. For example: $* \leftarrow * \rightarrow *$ is connected, and $* \rightarrow * \rightarrow * \rightarrow \dots$ is connected, so pushouts and sequential colimits are connected colimits.

3.
 - i. Let X be a space. Prove that $\tilde{H}_{n+1}(SX) \cong \tilde{H}_n(X)$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$, where S is the unreduced suspension of X .
 - ii. Let X be a well-pointed space, that is, the inclusion of the basepoint is a Hurewicz cofibration. Prove that the suspension of X is homotopy equivalent to the unreduced suspension of X .
 - iii. Conclude that $\tilde{H}_{n+1}(\Sigma X) \cong \tilde{H}_n(X)$ if X is a well-pointed space.
4.
 - i. Find an example proving that pushouts need not be invariant under weak homotopy equivalences. That is: construct a morphism of diagrams

$$(0.1) \quad \begin{array}{ccccc} Z & \longleftarrow & X & \longrightarrow & Y \\ \downarrow \sim & & \downarrow \sim & & \sim \downarrow \\ Z' & \longleftarrow & X' & \longrightarrow & Y' \end{array}$$

such that the induced morphism of pushouts $P \rightarrow P'$ is not a weak homotopy equivalence. (Hint: spheres and disks.)

- ii. Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a map of spaces. Its *mapping cylinder* is the pushout

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \\ i_0 \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ X \times I & \longrightarrow & Mf. \end{array}$$

Give a concrete description of Mf , and prove that f factors as

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \\ & \searrow i & \nearrow r \\ & & Mf \end{array}$$

where r is a homotopy equivalence. With some work, you can also prove that i is a Hurewicz cofibration.¹

- iii. Let $Z \xleftarrow{g} X \xrightarrow{f} Y$ be a diagram of spaces. Let $M(f, g)$ be the *double mapping cylinder* of f and g , that is, the space defined as the pushout

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{i_f} & Mf \\ i_g \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \\ Mg & \longrightarrow & M(f, g). \end{array}$$

Give a concrete description of $M(f, g)$ not using Mf and Mg , and prove that it is invariant under weak homotopy equivalences, in the sense that given a diagram like (0.1), the induced map of double mapping cylinders is a weak equivalence. This justifies calling $M(f, g)$ the *homotopy pushout* of $Z \xleftarrow{g} X \xrightarrow{f} Y$.

- iv. Note that $M(X \rightarrow *) \cong CX$. Therefore, the unreduced suspension SX is homeomorphic to the homotopy pushout of $* \leftarrow X \rightarrow *$.

¹You may want to ask whether r is a Hurewicz fibration. It generally isn't, but there is a modification of Mf and of this factorization that does satisfy this.